Sense of Number Visual Fractions Policy

St. Luke's C. of E. Primary School
October 2015

Craphic Design by Dave Godfrey
Compiled by the Sense of Number Maths Team

For sole use within St. Luke's C. of E. Primary School.

⁴A picture is worth 1000 words! www.senseofnumber.co.uk





Guide to using a & Visual Fractions Policy

The Sense of Number Visual Fractions Policy provides a visual representation of the progression found within Domain 4: Fractions in the new National Curriculum.

A school branded VFP is created by Dave Godfrey for individual schools when the school logo and school name are added to the footer of each slide.

Typical uses:

Classroom: The slides are printed out (e.g. A4) and the appropriate slides are displayed within each classroom for continual reference or on a working wall. Teacher Reference: The slides are printed out (e.g. 9 slides per A4 page) and inserted in the teacher's planning folder.

Parents: The slides are used to communicate to parents the school's approach to teaching fractions.

Website: Selected slides from the VFP are inserted onto a school's maths webpages. (Please note: the VFP should not be made available for download.)





Sections in the & Visual Fractions Policy

1-4 Introduction Slides

5-15 General Fractions Slides: Vocab, Defining, Types, 1 Whole, Walls etc.

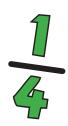
Pages	Code	Years	Theme
16-23	FA	Y2-Y6	Counting in Fractions
24-27	FB	Y2-Y5	Fractions as a Number
28-36	FC	Y1-Y3	Recognising and naming Unit & Non-Unit Fractions
37-40	FD	Y3-Y5	Ordering Fractions
41-47	FE	FS-Y5	Finding and naming a Fraction of a Quantity
48-61	FF	Y1-Y6	Equivalent Fractions
62-65	FG	Y3-Y6	Decimal/Fraction/Percentage Equivalences
66-76	FH	Y4-Y6	Common FDP Equivalences & FDP Walls
77-91	F	Y2-Y6	Fractions to 1
92-95	FJ	Y2-Y5	Fractions Greater than 1
96-116	FK	Y1-Y6	Calculating with Fractions $(+, -, x, +)$
117-123	FL	Y3-Y6	Division as a Fraction
124-125	FM	Y5-Y6	Jump! and Remainders







Year Group Specific Slide Locations



Section	FS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
FA: Counting			16,17	18,19	20,21	22,23	
FB: Number			24	25	26	27	
FC: Recognising		28,29	30,31	32-35	36		
FD: Ordering				37,38		39,40	
FE: Quantity	41	42,43	44	45	46	47	
FF: Equivalence			48-50	51-54	55-59	60	61
FG: FDP Equiv.				62	63	64,65	
FH: Common FDP					66	67-70	71-76
FI: Fractions to 1			77,78	79-83	84-88	89,90	91
FJ : > 1			92	93	94	95	
FK: Addition		96	97	98	99	100	101,102
FK: Subtraction				103	104	105	106,107
FK: Multiplication						108,109	110,111
FK: Division						112,113	114-116
FL: Div. as a Fractn.				117	118,119	120,121	122,123
FM: Extras	_					124	125





Fractions Vocabulary

share equally

0.2

Simplify

equivalence

5

Out of

equal parts





Defining a Fraction

23



Equal Parts of a Whole

$$\frac{1}{5} = 1 \div 5$$

A Division

$$0 \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad 1$$

A Number

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 16$$



A Fraction of an Amount

More than a Whole

$$\frac{2}{5} = 40\%$$



An Equivalence





Parts of a Fraction Numerator Denominator "Fractions is sharing equally"

Fraction Bar (Vinculum)





Types of Fractions

1 5 Unit Fraction (Numerator = 1)

5 Non-unit Fraction (Numerator > 1) 2 or 4 5 5 Proper Fraction

(Numerator < Denominator)

8 or 12 5 5 Improper Fraction (Numerator > Denominator) Mixed
Fraction
(Whole number + Proper Fraction)

4 or 8
5
Vulgar
Fraction
(Proper or Improper Fraction)





Naming a Fraction

If the numerator is 1, the denominator is 10, then the name of my fraction is one tenth.

10

1
2
One half

1 6 One sixth

3 4

Three quarters

150

Five fifths - One Whole!

7 3

Seven thirds

27 32

Twenty-seven thirty-seconds



Note: The denominator is said as an ordinal number (except halves and quarters!)



Fraction Wall

(1/2)

1	
3	





Fraction Wall

(2/2)

2
3







A Fraction of a Whole



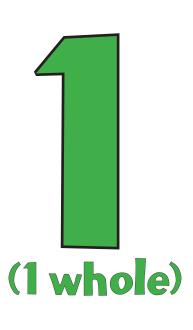
St. Luke's C. of E. Primary School Visual Fractions Policy © Sense of Number 2015

For sole use by purchasing school. Bespoke Graphic Design by Dave Godfrey - www.senseofnumber.co.uk

Fractions: 1 Whole











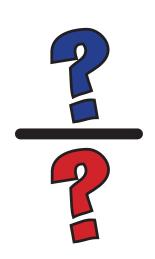


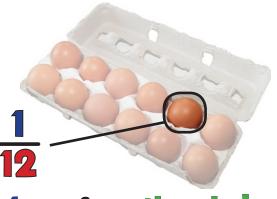




A Fraction of a Whole







1 egg from the whole box of 12 eggs



2 balls from the whole pack of 4 balls





3 7

3 pens from the whole pack of 7 pens



5 bananas from the whole bunch of 5 bananas





Fractions are Everywhere!







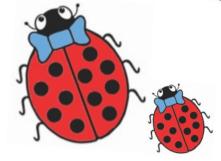














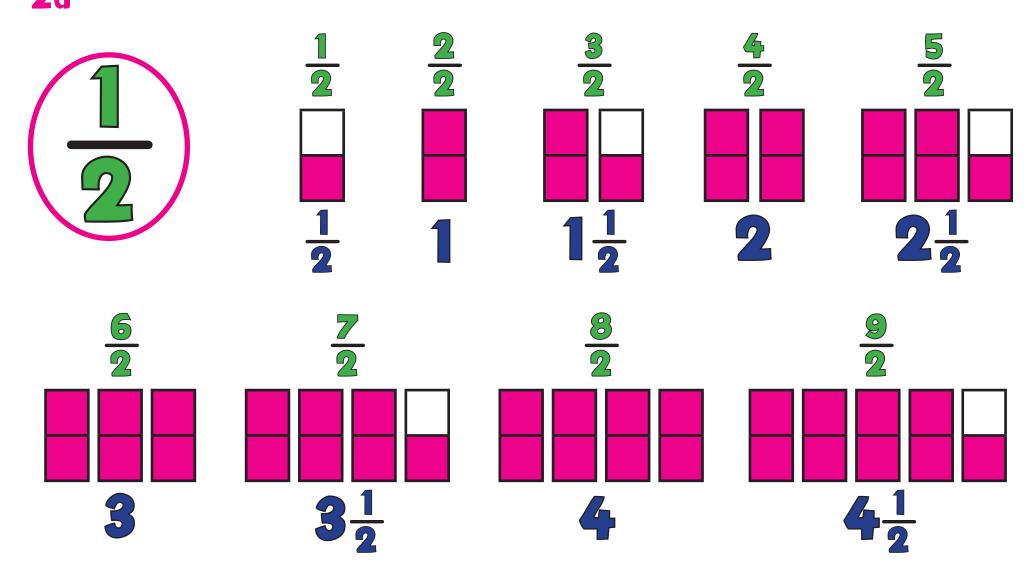








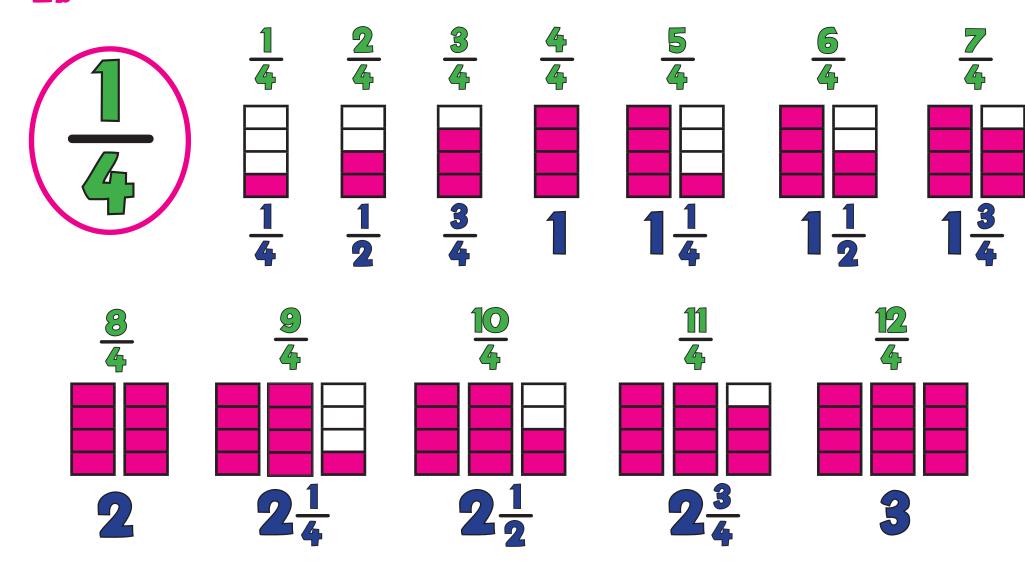
FA: Counting in Fractions







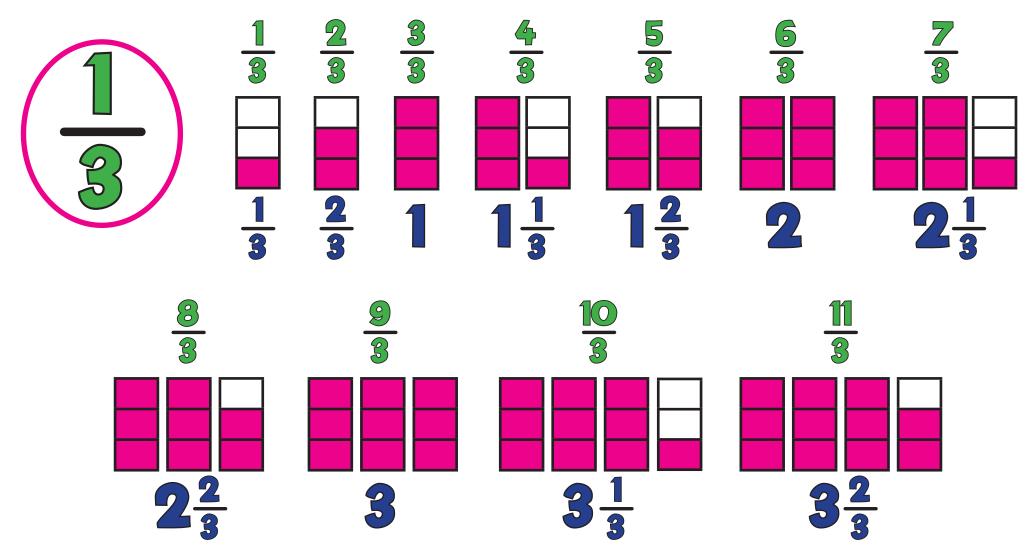
FA: Counting in Fractions 2b







FA: Counting in Fractions 3a





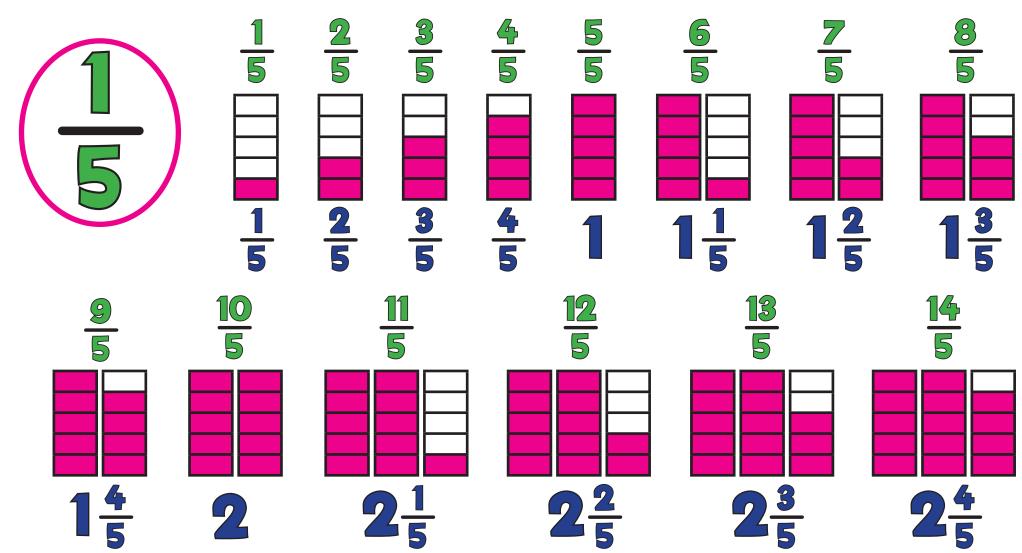


ng in Fraction 36 **3** 10 18 10





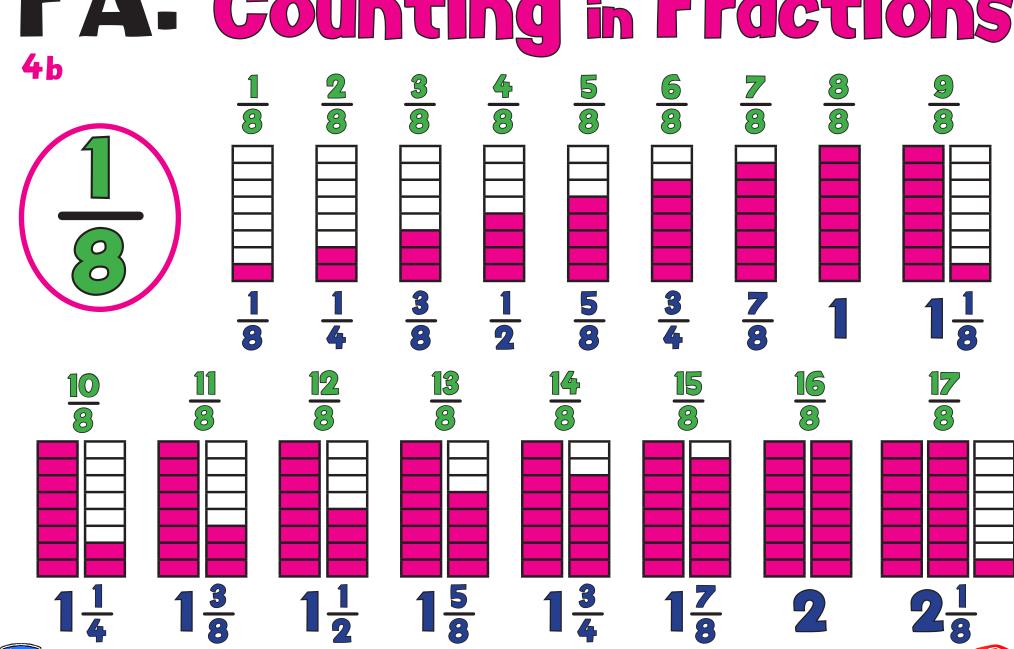
FA: Counting in Fractions







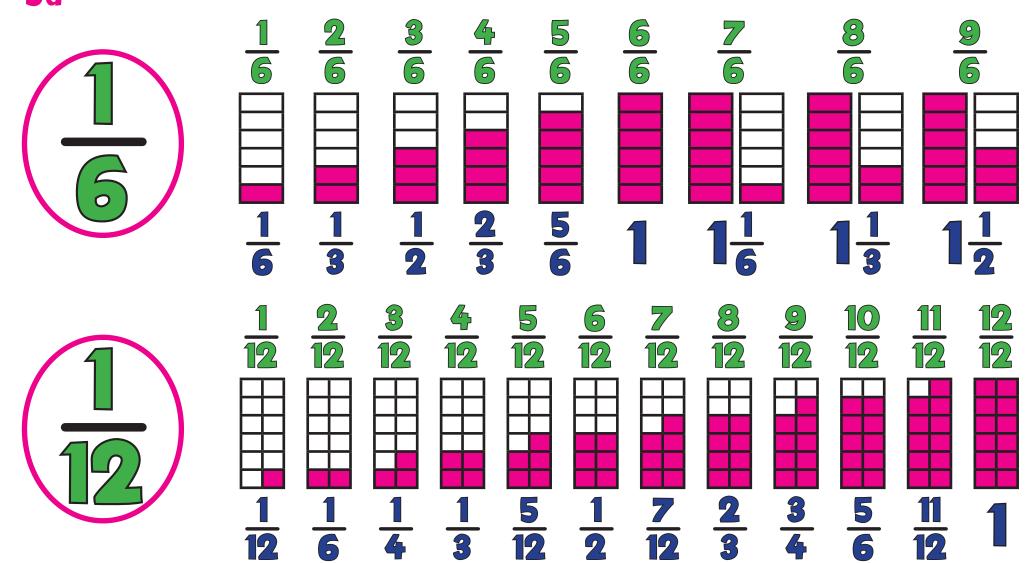
FA: Counting in Fractions







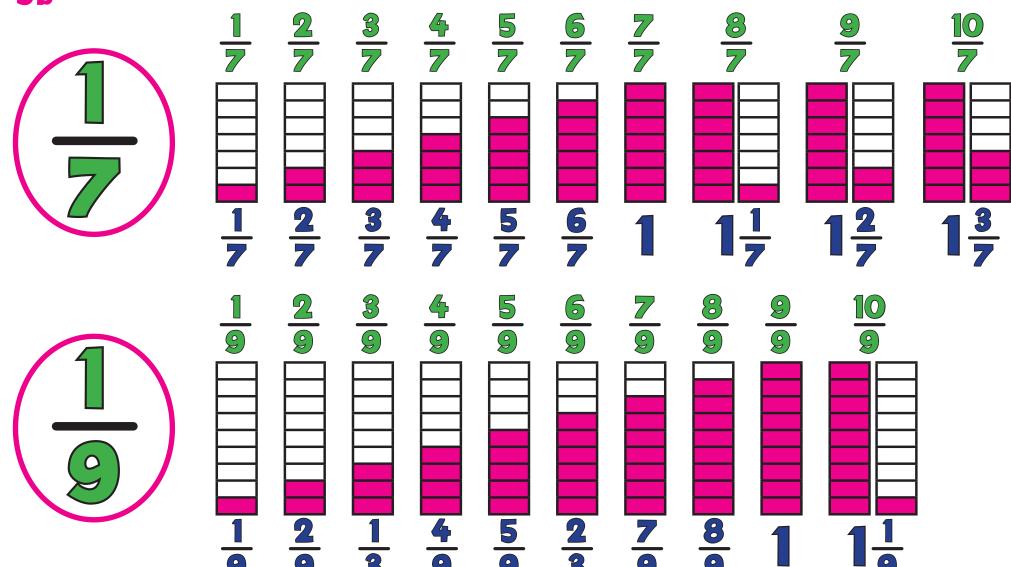
FA: Counting in Fractions **5**a







FA: Counting in Fractions 5b



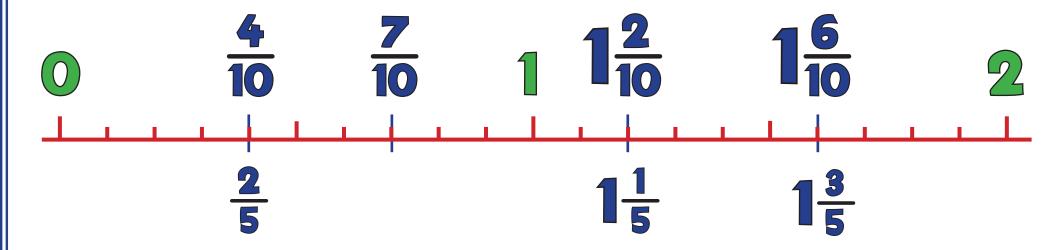




 $1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{2}{4}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$

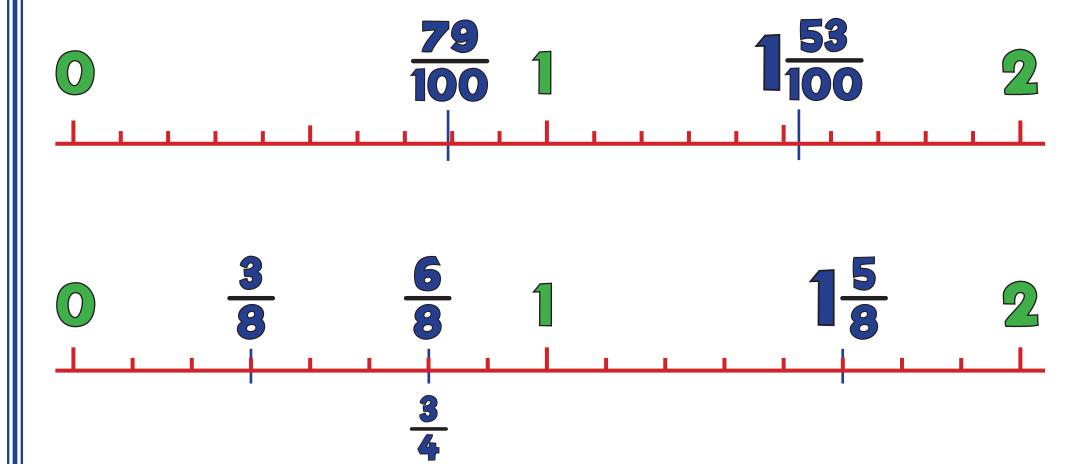


 $0 \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad 1 \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad 2$



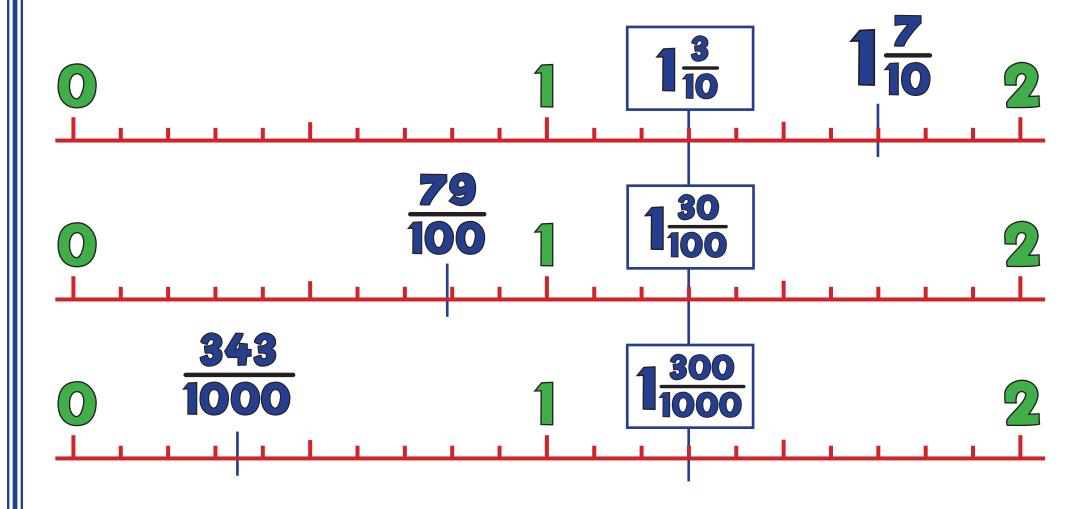






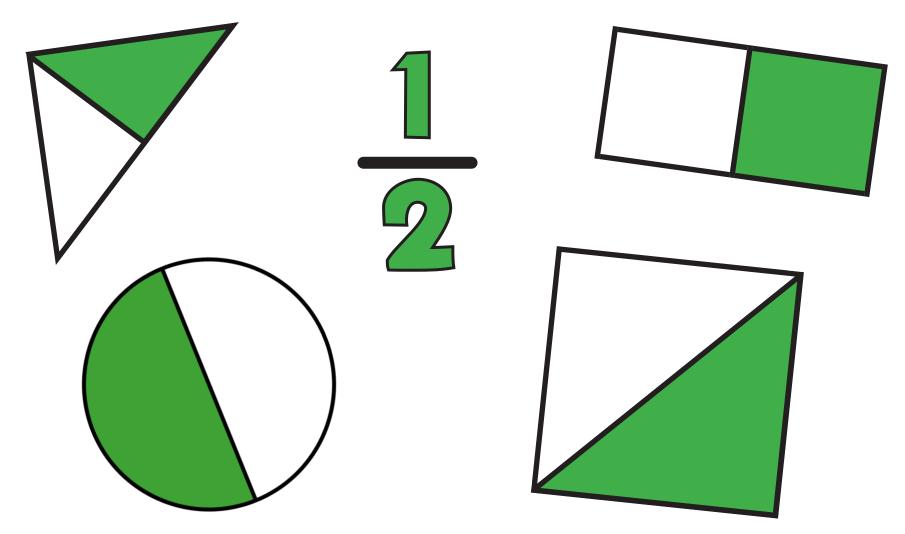






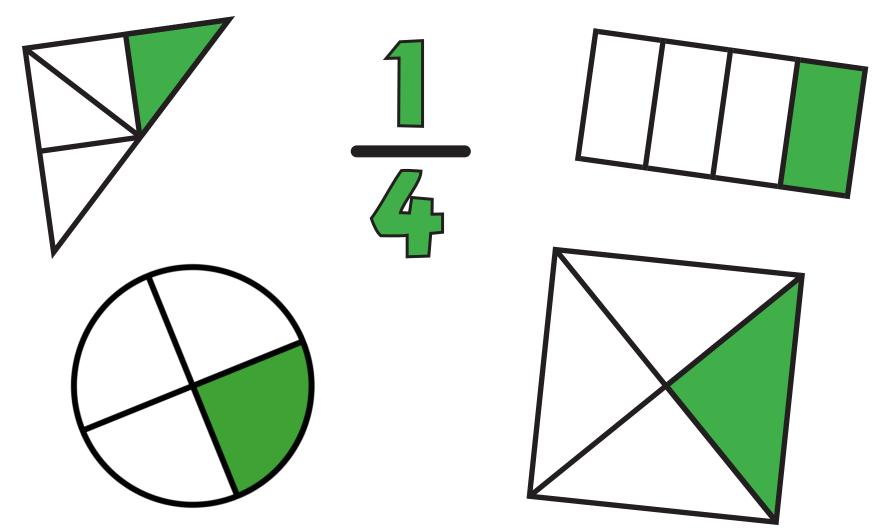






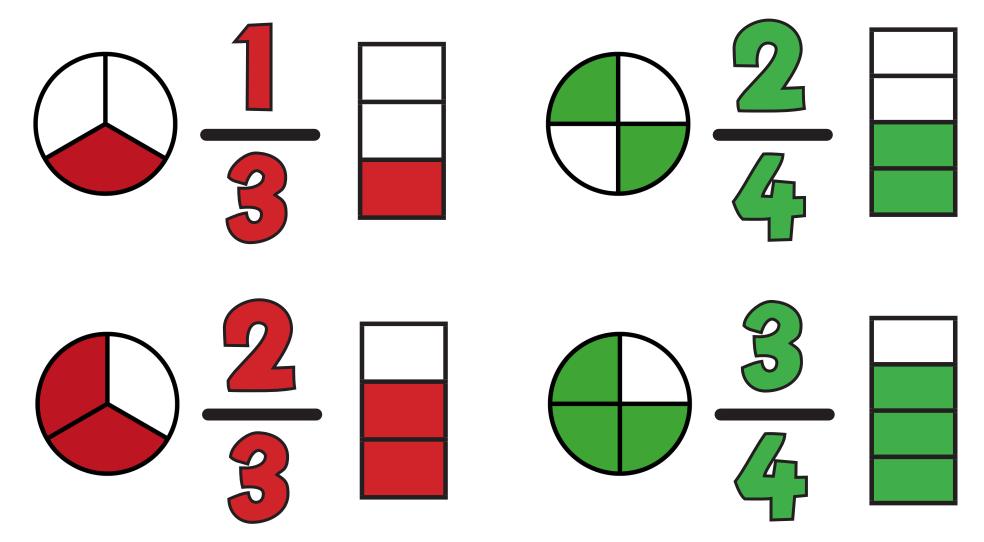






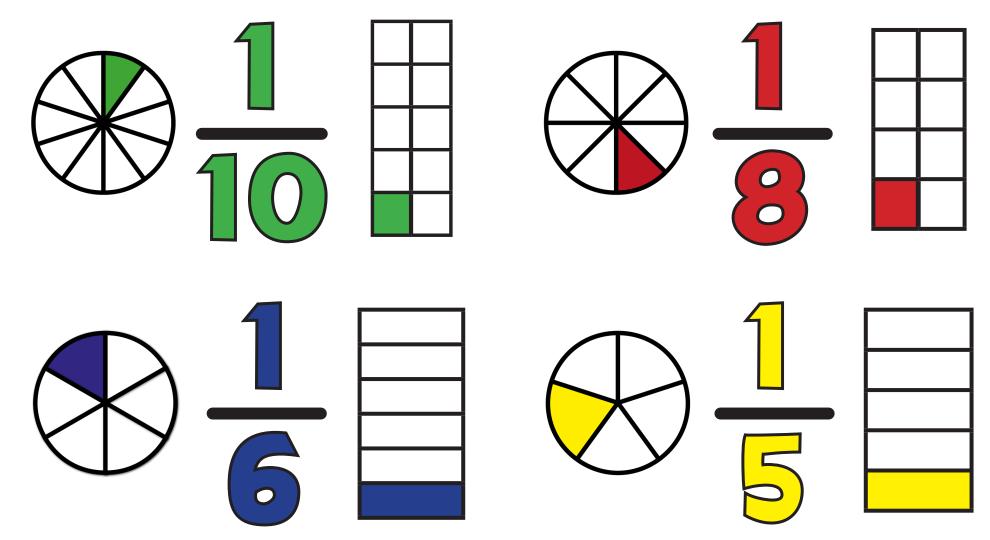






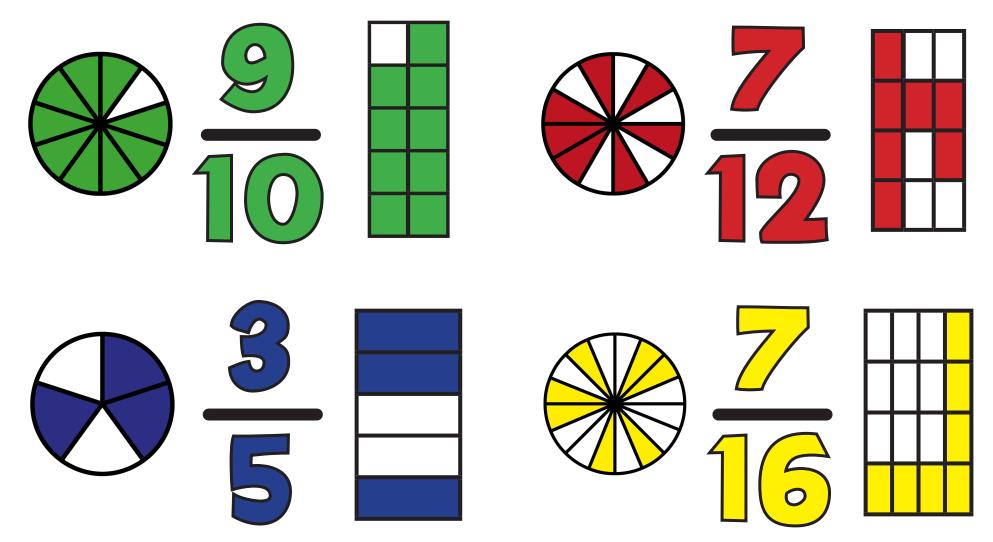






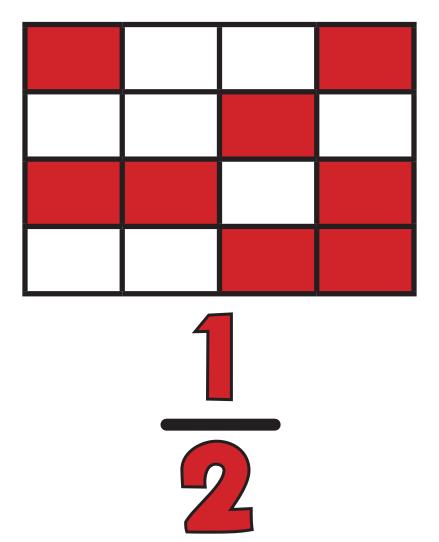


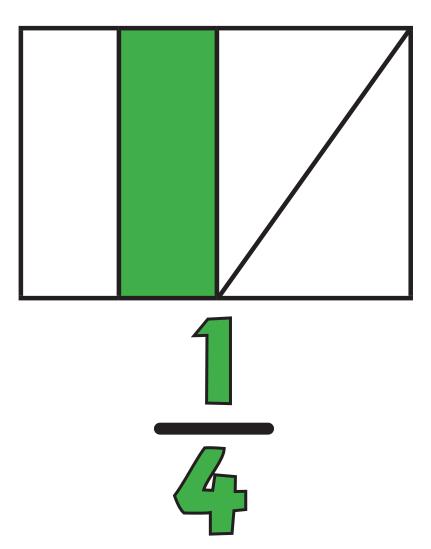








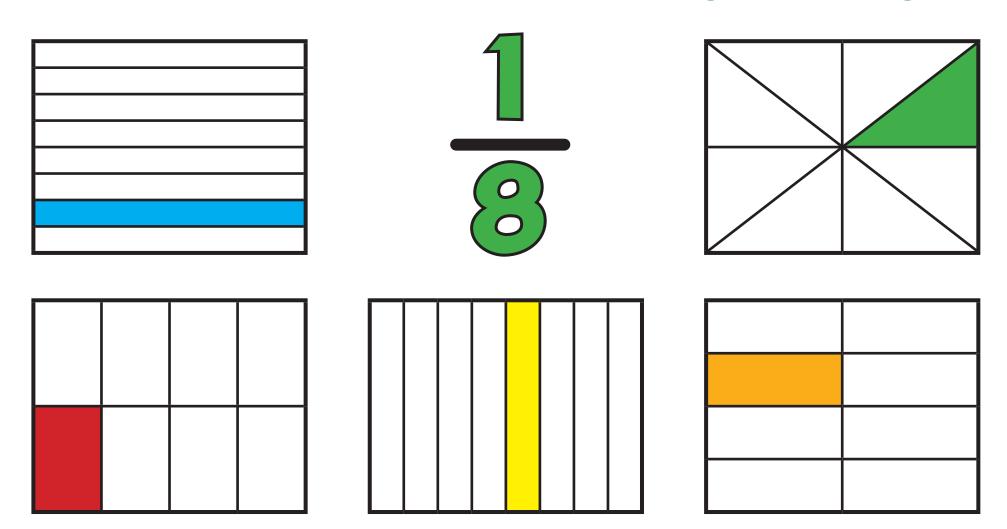






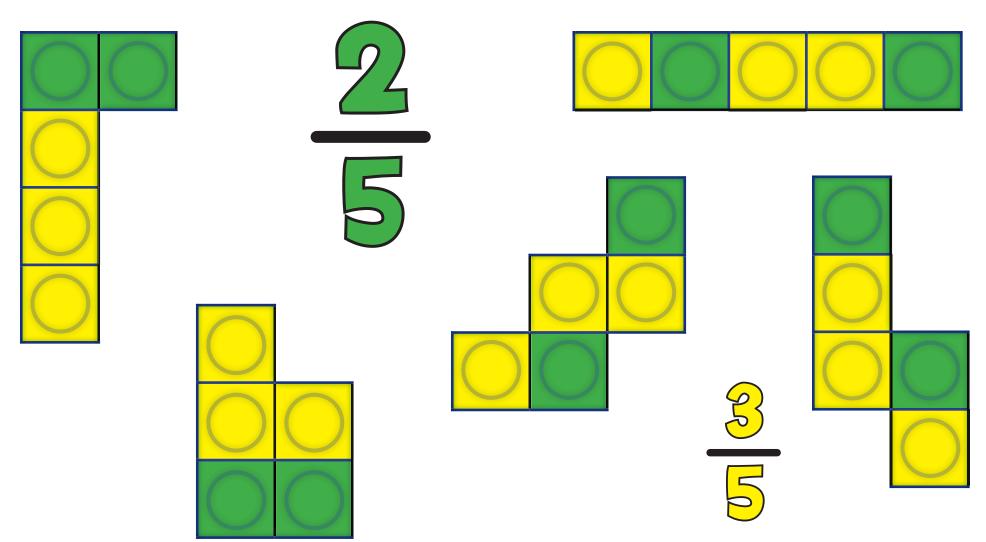


Eight Equal Eighths!



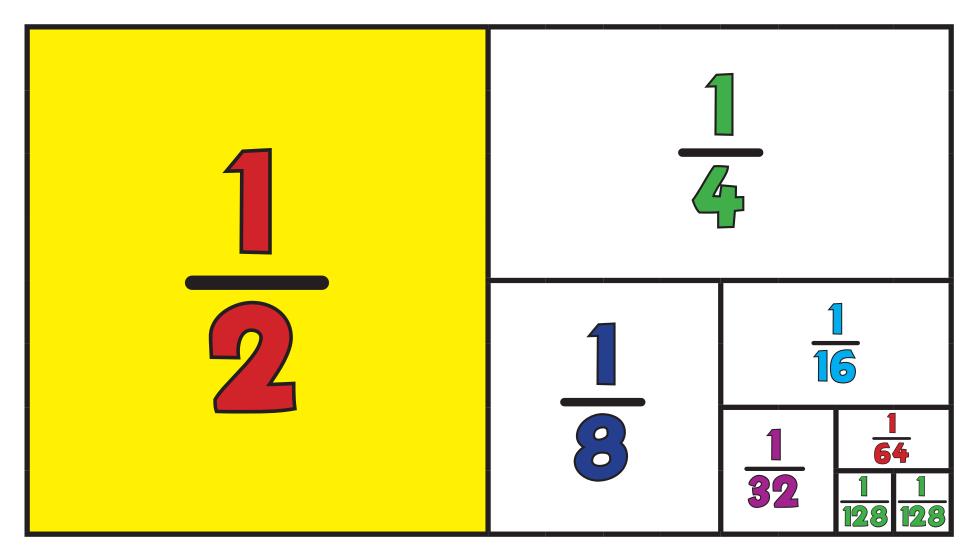






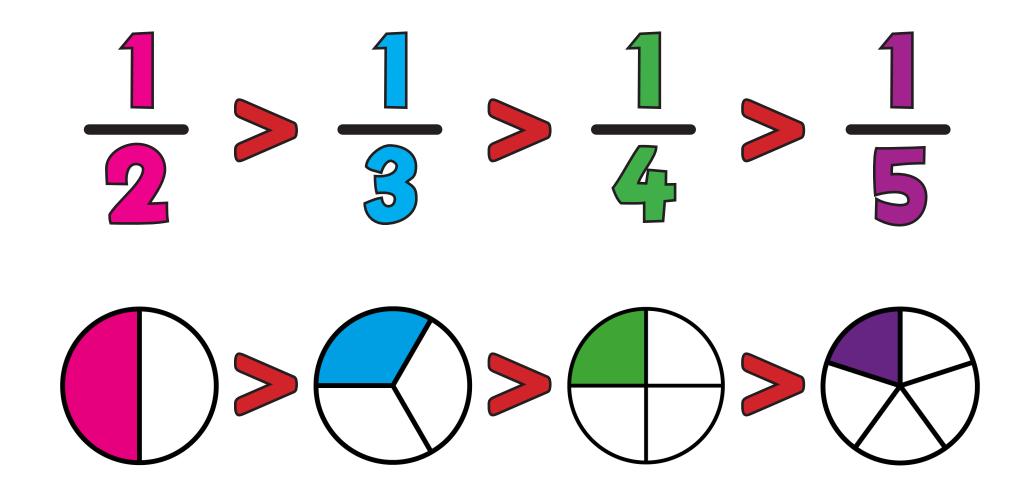






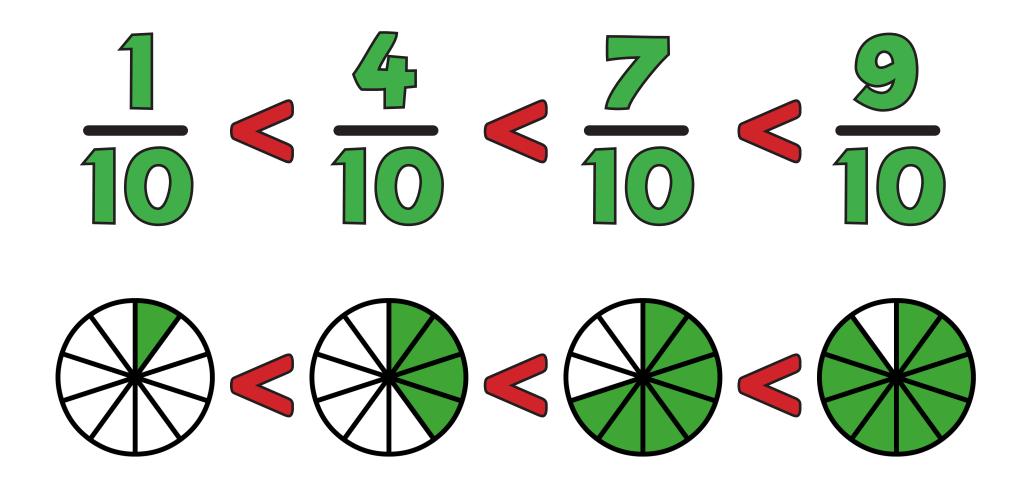
















$$\frac{7}{8} > \frac{3}{4} > \frac{5}{8} > \frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} > \frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} > \frac{1}{4} > \frac{1}{4}$$

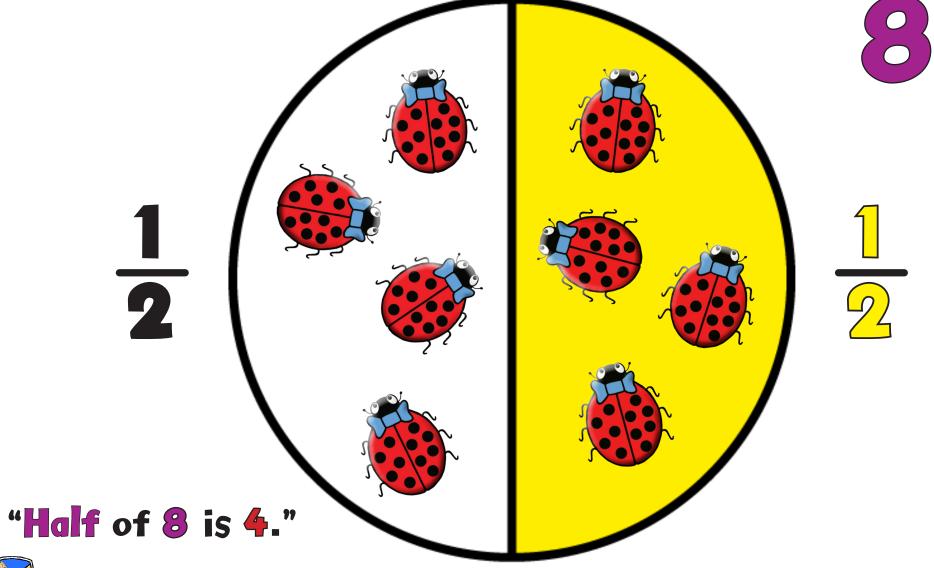




<0.4<0.5<0.8







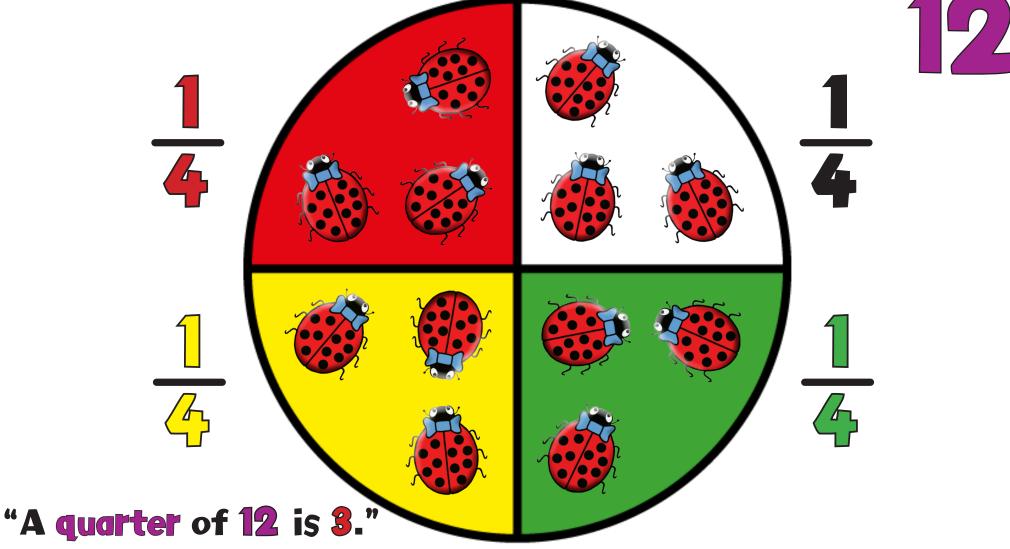




1 2 "Half of 12 is 6."



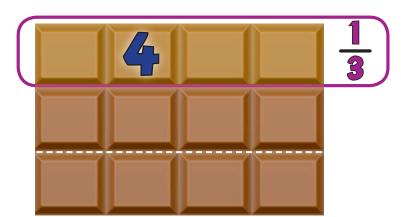




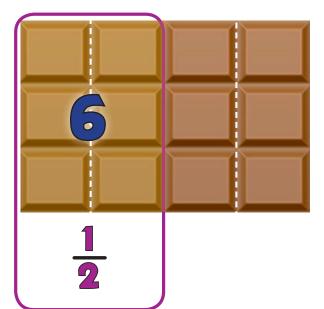


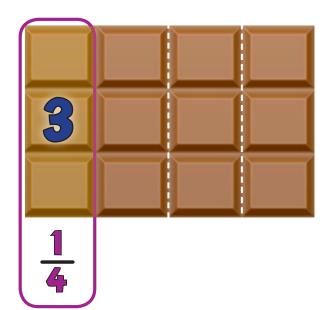


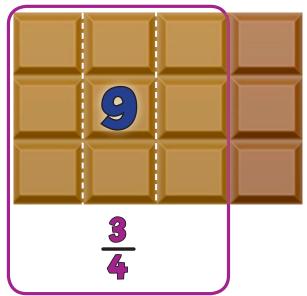
12 Chunks







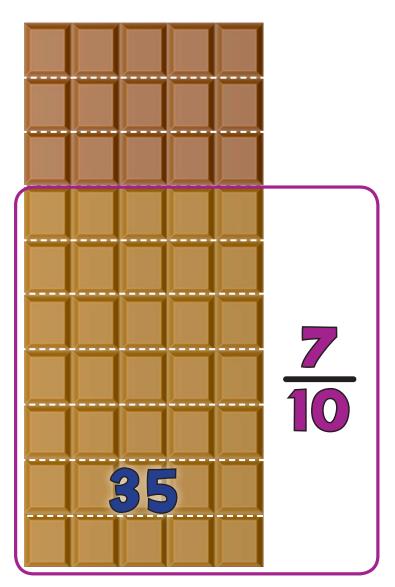


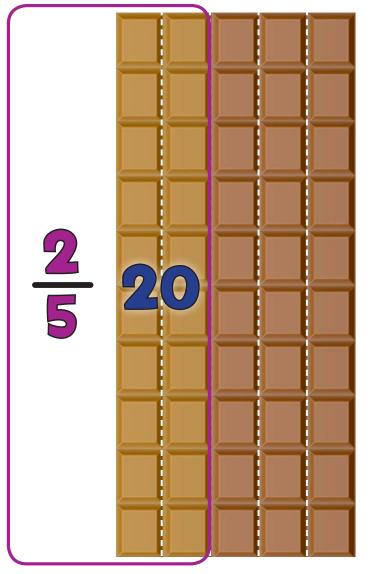






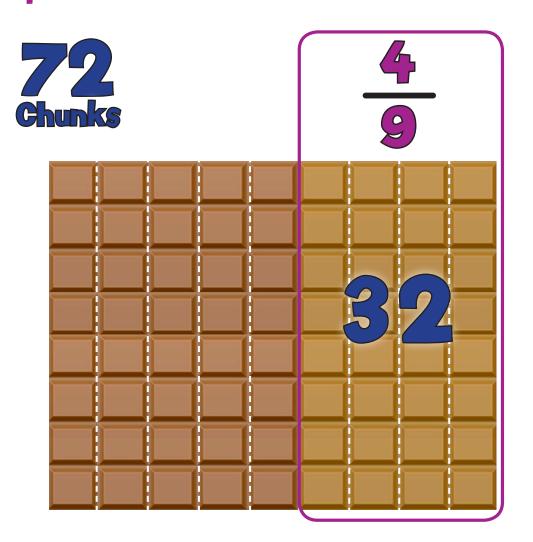
50 Chunks

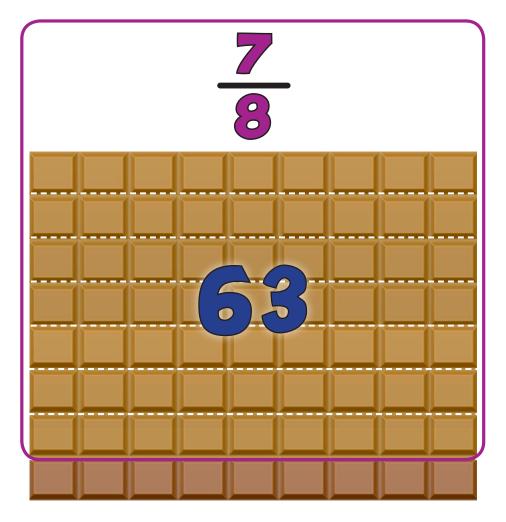








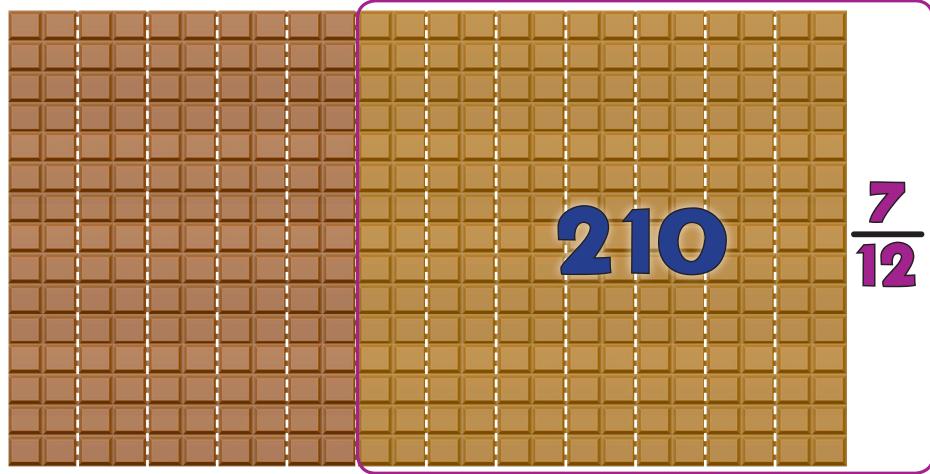






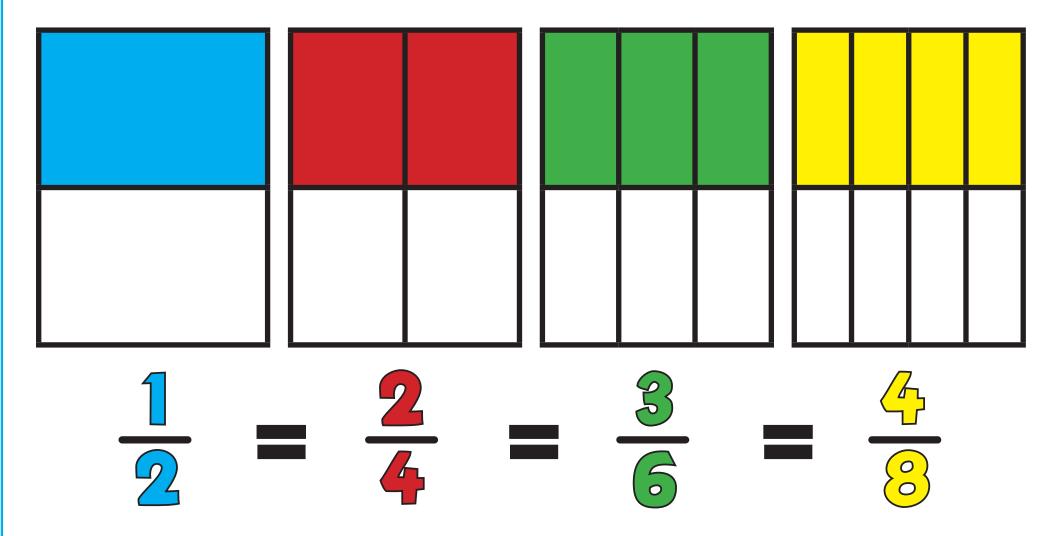


360 Chunks





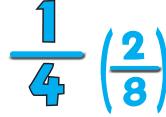




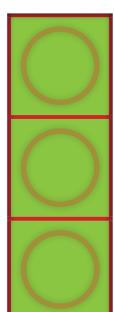


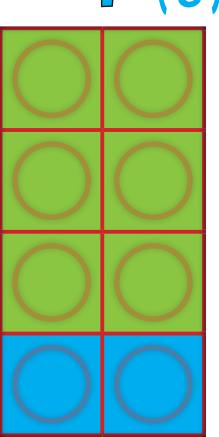


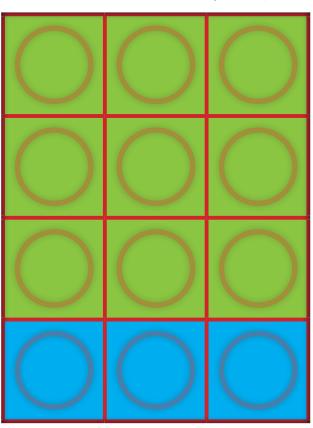
1 4



$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{12}\right)$$







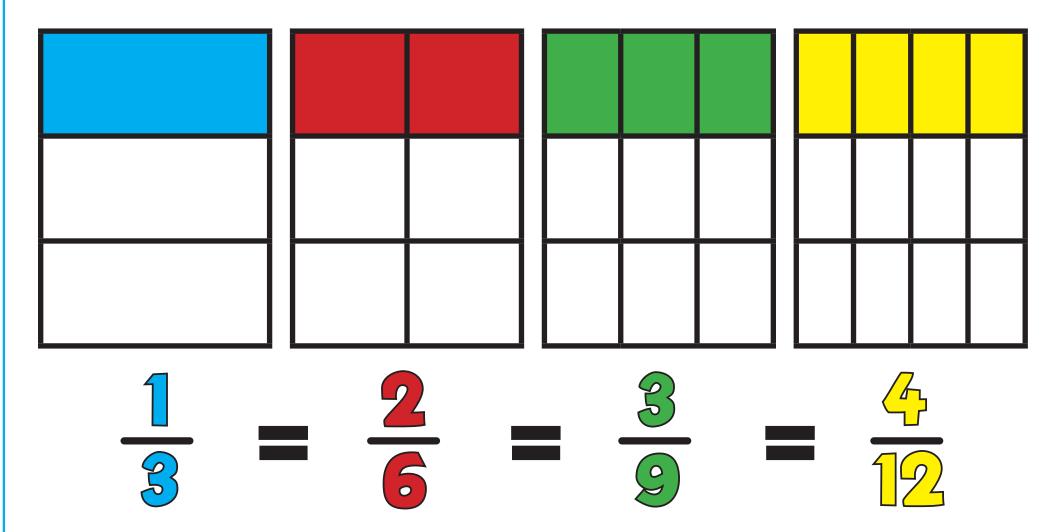




1						
1	2	1 2				
1	1	1 4	1 4			











1								
1 2			1 2					
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> 4				1 4			-
<u>1</u> 6	<u>1</u> 6	1 6		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		6
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10	1 10 1	1 O	1 10	1 10	1 10	1 10	1 10





12 12 12

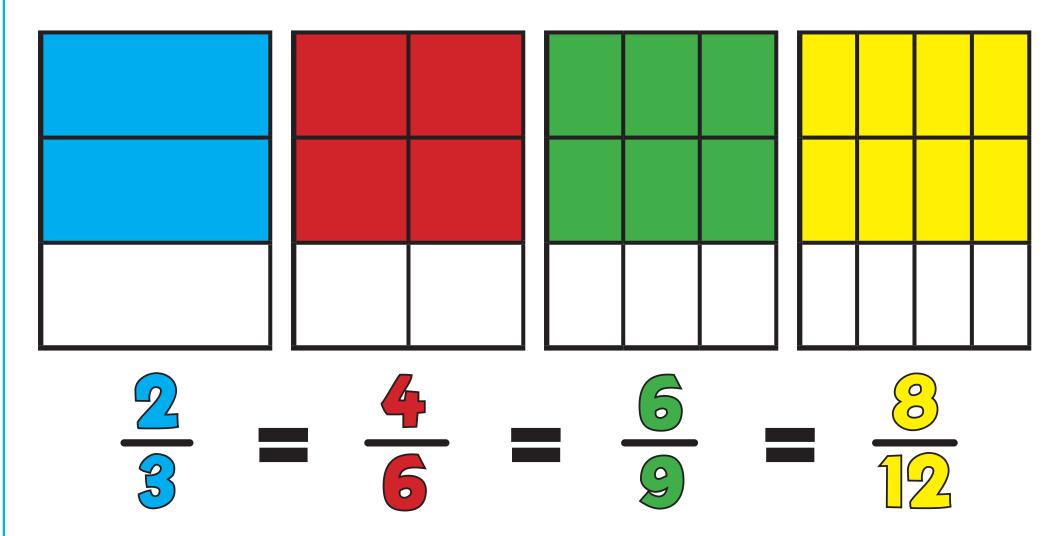




1											
	[]			- 4	3			_1	<u>l</u>	
<u>1</u> 6			<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> <u>1</u> <u>6</u>			<u>1</u> 6		_	<u>1</u>	
1 9	1		19	1 9	1		1 9	1 9	1	9	9
1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12	1 12

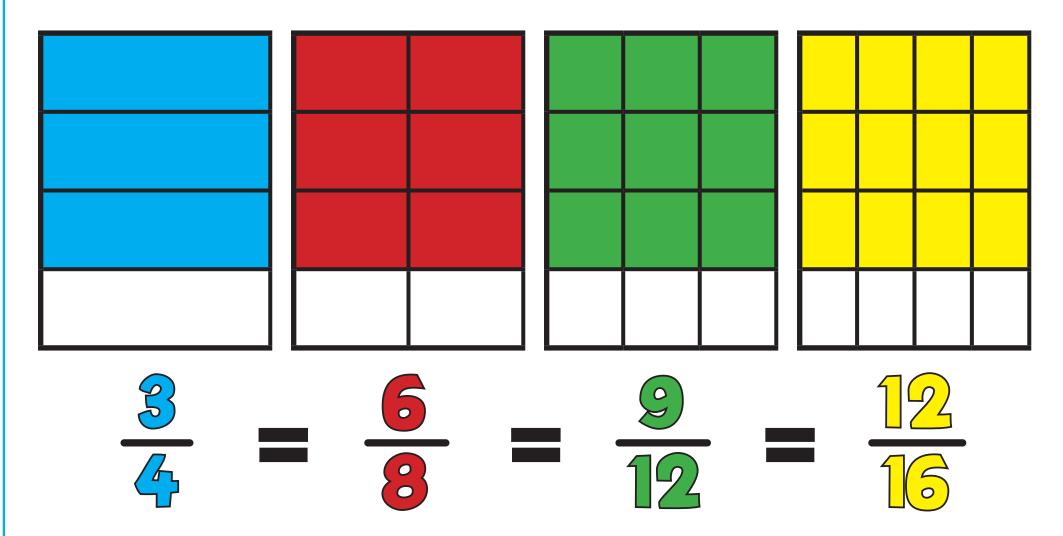






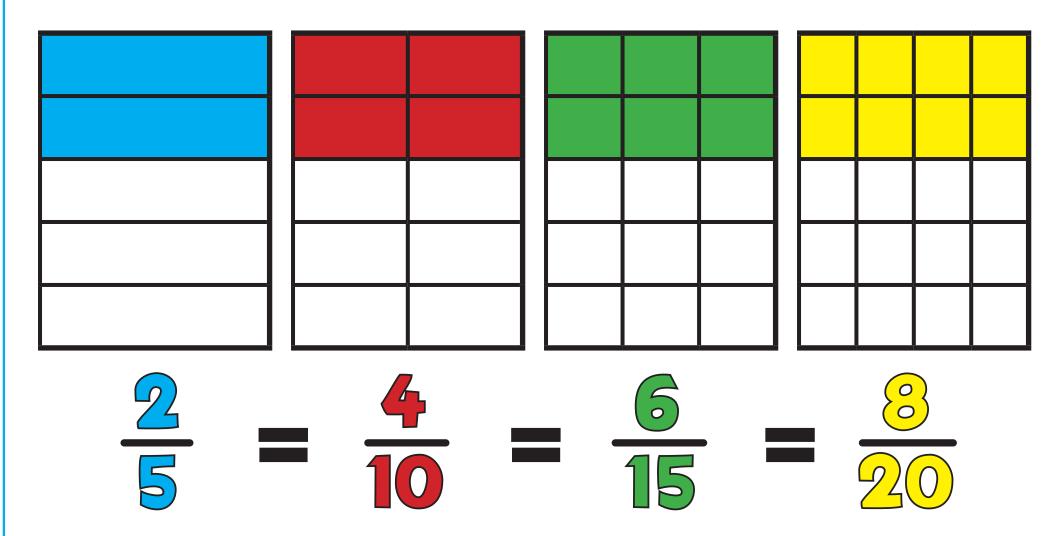






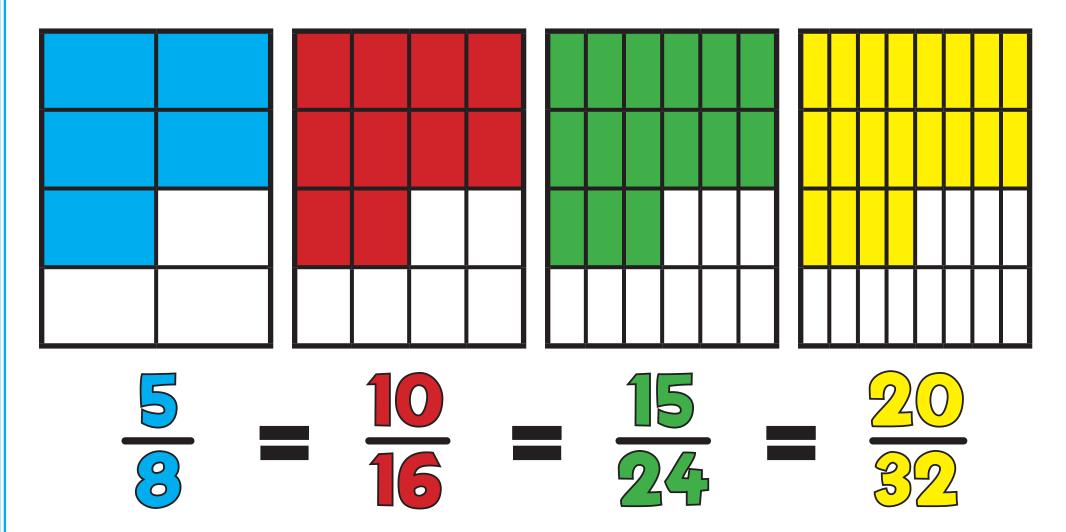






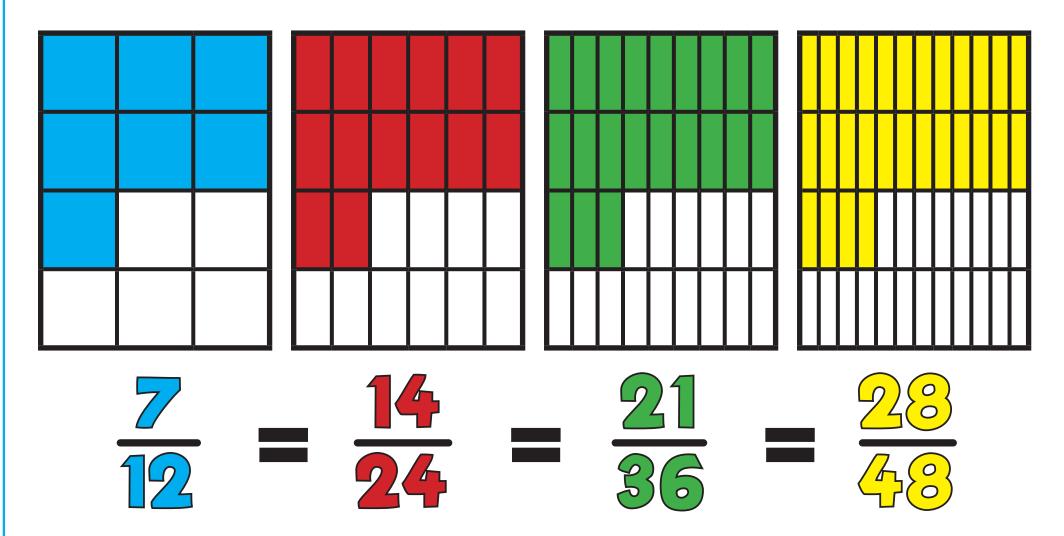






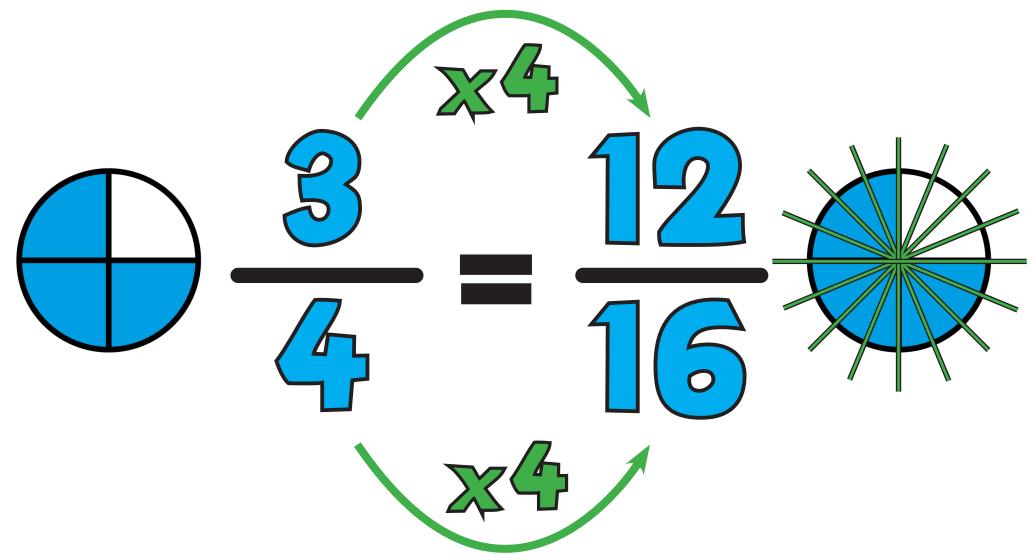






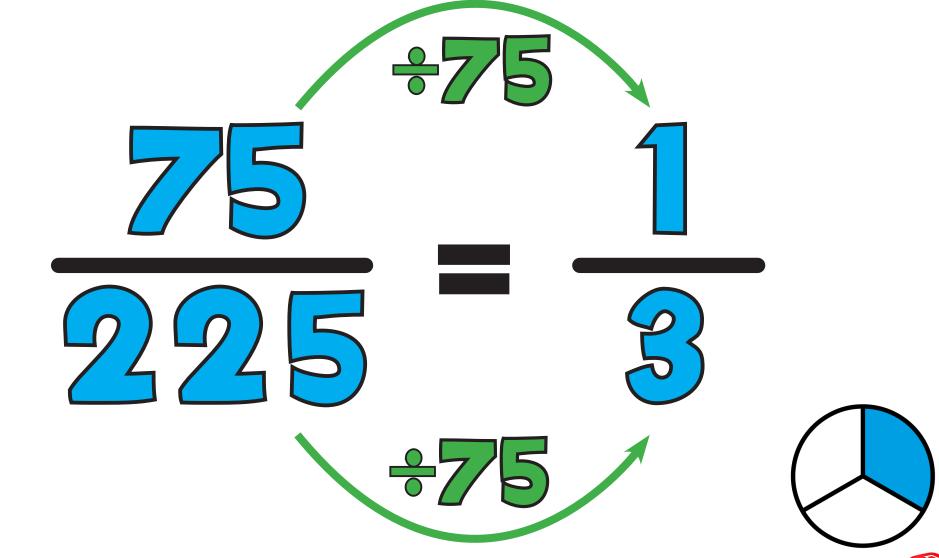








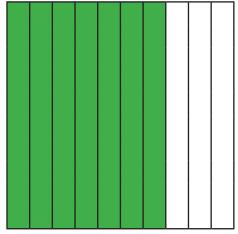








FG: Decimals/Fractions/Percentages

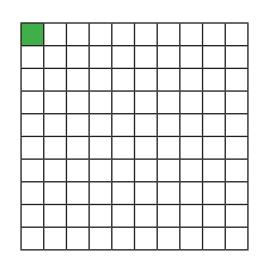


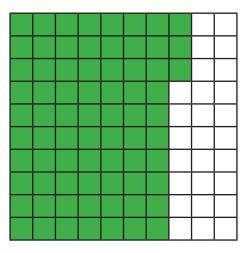




FH: Decimals/Fractions/Percentages

$$\frac{1}{100} = 0.01 =$$





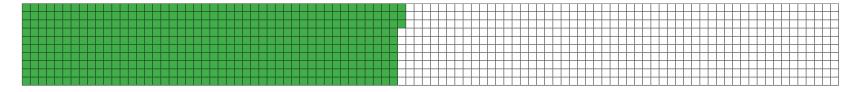




FG: Decimals/Fractions/Percentages

$$\frac{1}{1000} = 0.001$$

$$\frac{463}{1000} = 0.463$$







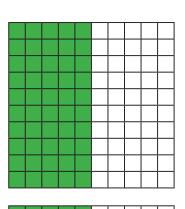
FG: Decimals/Fractions/Percentages 5b

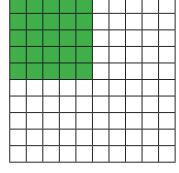


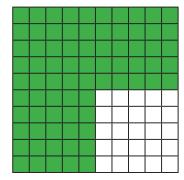


FH: Common FDP Equivalences

$$\frac{3}{4} = 0.75 =$$



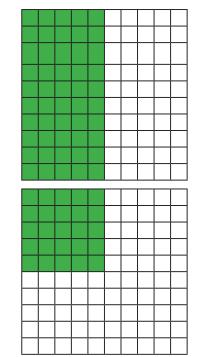


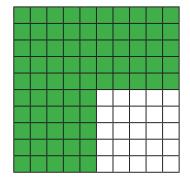






FH: Common FDP Equivalences









FH: Common FDP Equivalences 5b





FH: Common FDP Equivalences

5c

1.0 1.0 100%					
1 0 50	.5	1 2 0.5 50%			
1 4 0.25 25%	0.25 0.25		1 4 0.25 25%		





FH: Common FDP Equivalences

1.0 100% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 0.1 0.1 0.1 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%





FH: Common FDP Equivalences **6**a





FH: Common FDP Equivalences



FH: Common FDP Equivalences

$$\frac{1}{6} = 0.16 = 16.6\% = 3$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = 0.5 = 50\% = 3$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = 0.83 = 83.3\% = 3$$





FH: Common FDP Equivalences **6**d

$$\frac{1}{7} = 0.\overline{142857} = 14.\overline{285714}\% = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\frac{2}{7} = 0.\overline{285714} = 28.\overline{571428}\% = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{3}{7} = 0.\overline{428571} = 42.\overline{857142}\% = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$\frac{4}{7} = 0.\overline{571428} = 57.\overline{142857}\% = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\frac{5}{7} = 0.\overline{714285} = 71.\overline{428571}\% = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$\frac{6}{7} = 0.\overline{857142} = 85.\overline{714285}\% = \frac{1}{7}$$





FH: Common FDP Equivalences

6e

		1. 10	0 %			
	1 1 3 0.33 0.33 0.33 33.3% 33.3% 33.3%					
1 6 0.16 16.6%	1 6 0.16 16.6%	1 6 0.16 16.6%	1 6 0.16 16.6%	1 6 0.16 16.6%	1 6 0.16 16.6%	





FH: Common FDP Equivalences

	1.0 1.0%									
1 7 0.143 14.3%	0.143 0.143 0.143 0.143 0.143 0.143									
1 9 0.11 11.1%	1 1 1 1 1 9									





d Halves and Quarters

$\frac{4}{4}$ = 1 Whole						
3 4		4				
2	1					





Thirds

	$\frac{3}{3} = 1$ Whole						
	2						
1 3		2					





Fifths

$\frac{5}{5} = 1 $ Whole					
4 5	1				
<u>3</u> <u>5</u>	2 5				





Fifactions to 1

Tenths

10 = 1 Whole								
			9 10					1 10
		1	<u>3</u>				1	0
		7 10					3 10	
	10	0				1	0	
	<u>5</u>					<u>5</u>		





Eighths

⁸ / ₈ = 1 Whole							
	7 8				1 8		
	5			2	2		
5 8				3			
4 8			- 4				



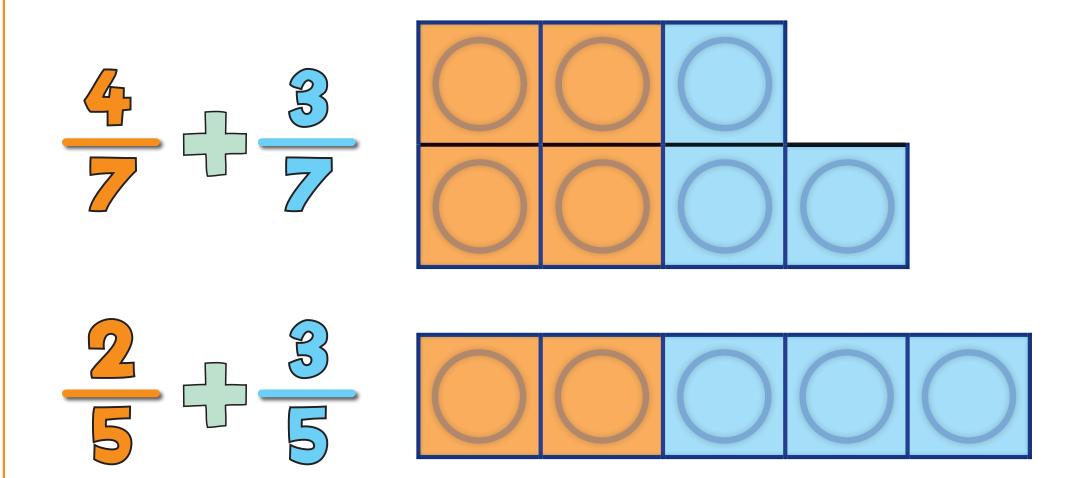


FI: Fractions to 1 Make a Whole!





Make a Whole!







Firactions to 1

Sevenths

$\frac{7}{7}$ = 1 Whole							
		5			1 7		
	<u>5</u>						
				3 7			





Ninths

9 9 = 1 Whole							
		8	<u>}</u>				1 9
		79					2
	6					3	
_	<u>5</u>					}	





Halves and Quarters

1	1
2	2
0.5	0.5
3	1
4	4
0.75	0.25





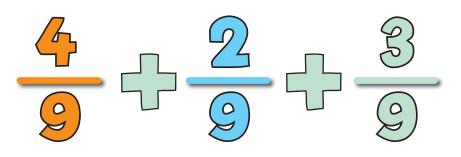
4d Tenths

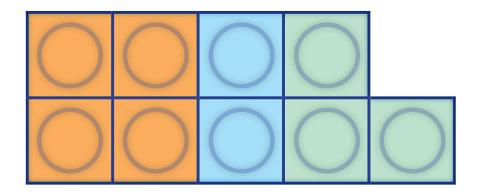
	1							
		1	9 0 0.9	9				1 0.1 10
		8 10	0.8					0.2
	1	0.7					3 10	3
	<u>6</u> 10	0.6				4 10	0.4	
1		-			•	<mark>5</mark> 10 0.		

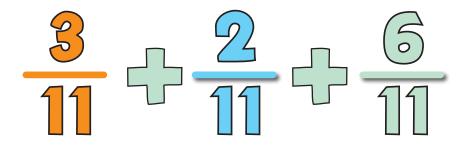


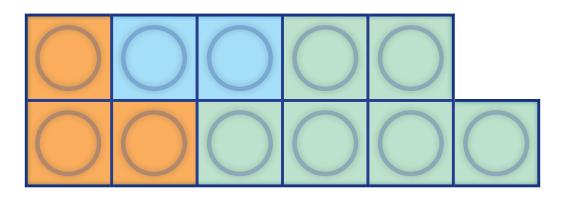


Make a Whole!













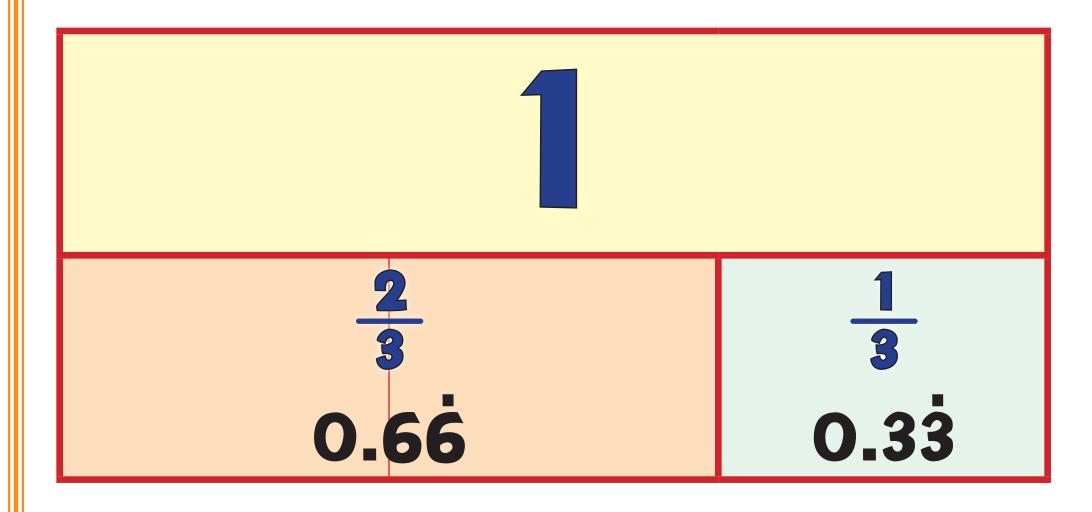
Fifths

1						
4 5 0.8	1 5 0.2					
3 5 0.6	2 5 0.6					





Thirds







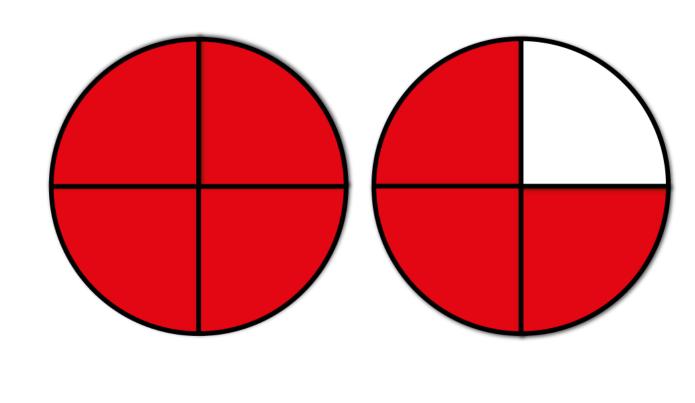
Firactions to 1

Eighths

1						
7/8 0.875						
6 8 0.75						
	5 8 0.625				3 8 0.375	

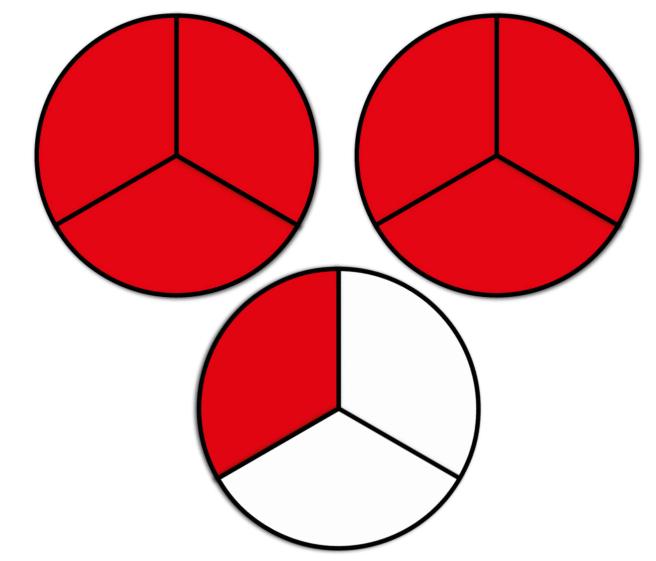










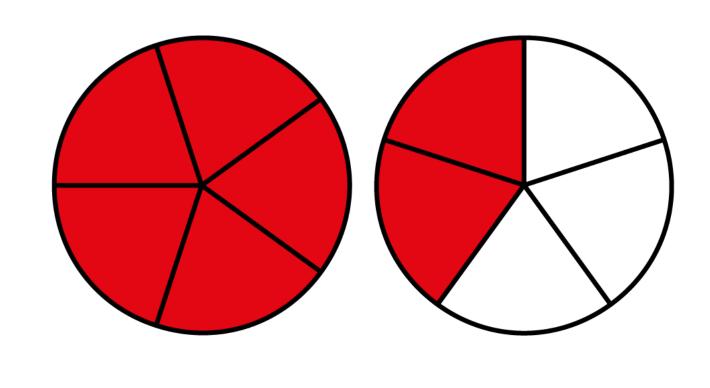






1 = 5

7 5











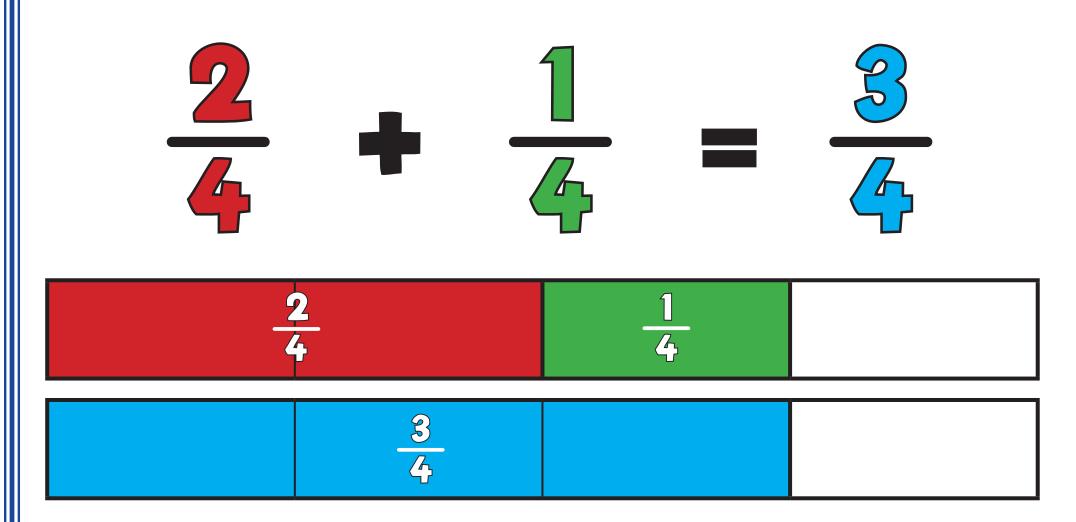
FK: Calculating with Fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{1}{2}$





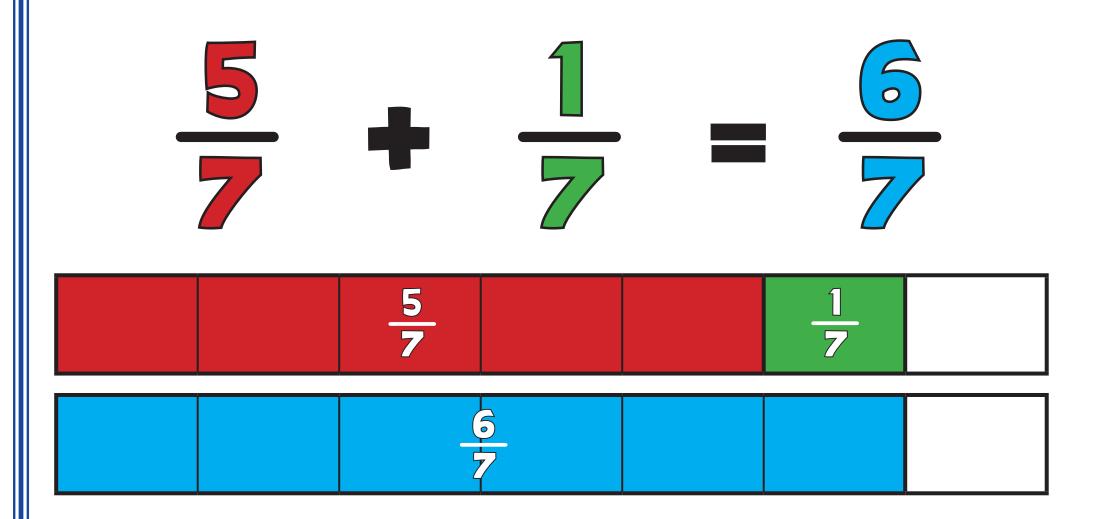
FK: Calculating with Fractions 2+







FK: Calculating with Fractions 3+







FK: Calculating with Fractions 4+

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{7}{5}$$

$$\frac{7}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}$$





FK: Calculating with Fractions 5+

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{2}{8} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

1 4		5 8		
2 8		5 8		
	<u>7</u> 8			





FK: Calculating with Fractions 6+a

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{12} + \frac{8}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

1 4	2 3	
3 12	8 12	
	11 12	





FK: Calculating with Fractions 6+b

$$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = 1\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

1 2	1 3
3 6	2 6
5 6	



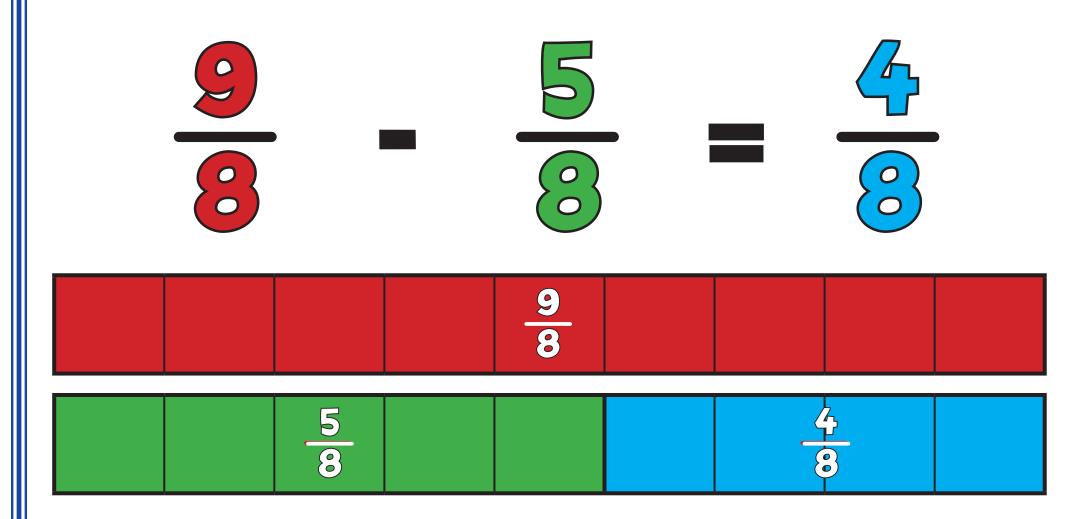


FK: Calculating with Fractions





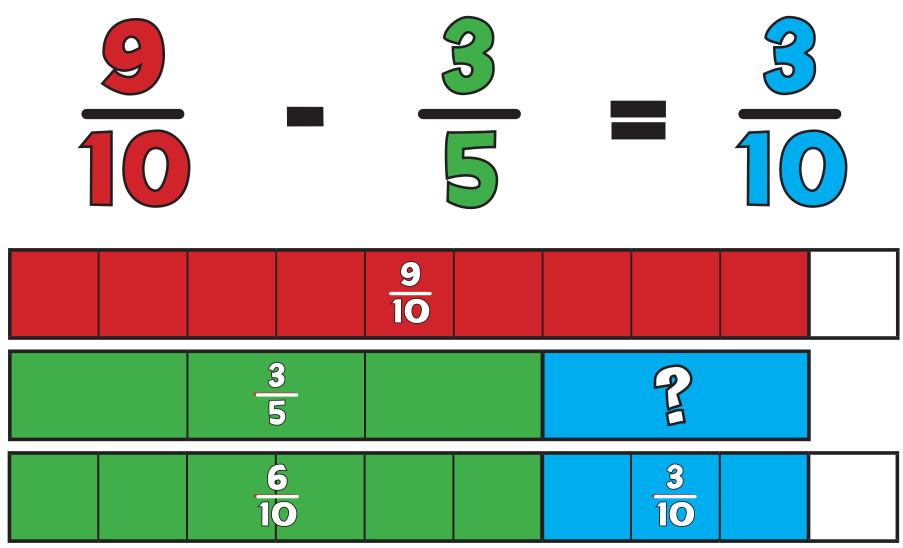
FK: Calculating with Fractions 4-







FK: Calculating with Fractions 5-







FK: Calculating with Fractions 6-a

$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{12} - \frac{4}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

	3 4		
1 3		2	

	9 12			
12		5 12		





FK: Calculating with Fractions

$$1\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{8}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = 1\frac{3}{10}$$

1	<u>4</u> 5	
P	1 2	

1		<u>8</u> 10		
1	3 10		5 10	

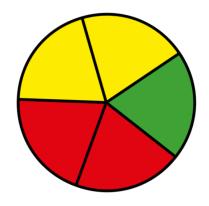


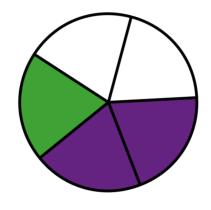


FK: Calculating with Fractions 5xa

$$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5
	1		3 5



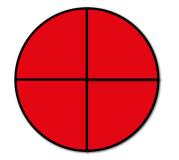


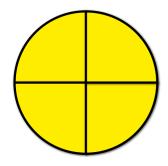


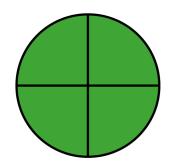


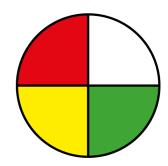
$$1\frac{1}{4} \times 3 = 3\frac{3}{4}$$

1	1 1	1 4	1	1 4
1	1	1	1 4 4	1-4







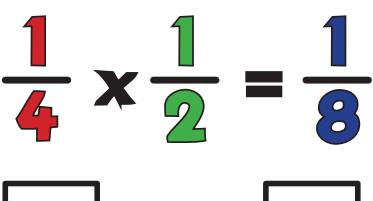


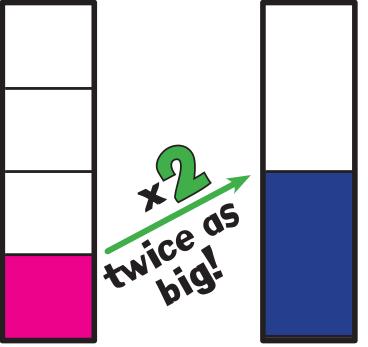


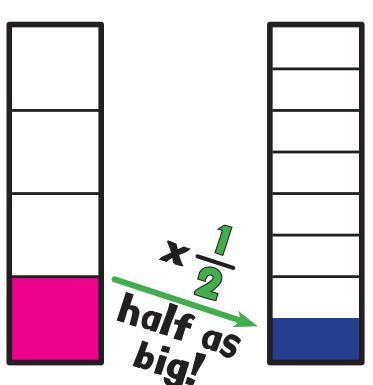
6xa

Scaling Model

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 2 = \frac{1}{2}$$





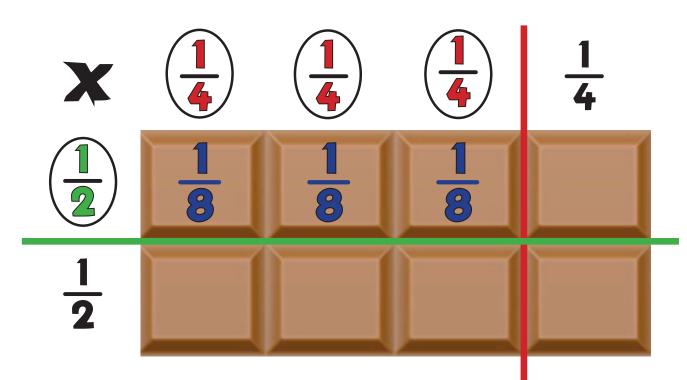




"If I had three quarters of a chocolate bar, and gave you half of what I had, how much of the whole bar would you get?

Answer: Three eighths."

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$





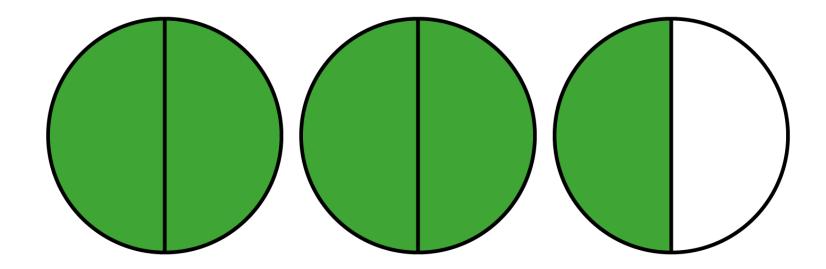


5÷a

Grouping Model - Dividing by a Fraction

$$2\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} = 5$$

"How many haves can I fit into a 2 and a half?
Answer: 5."





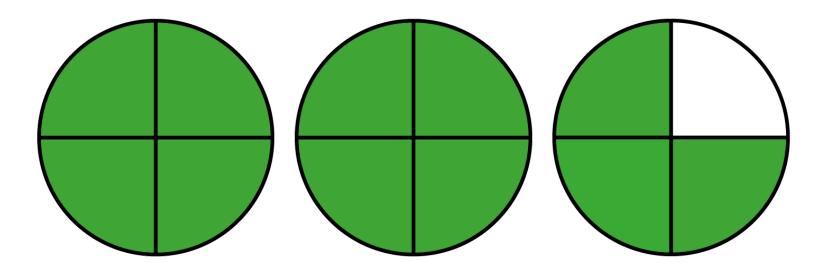


5÷b

Grouping Model - Dividing by a Fraction

$$2\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = 9$$

"How many quarters can I fit into a 2 and a quarter?
Answer: 9."





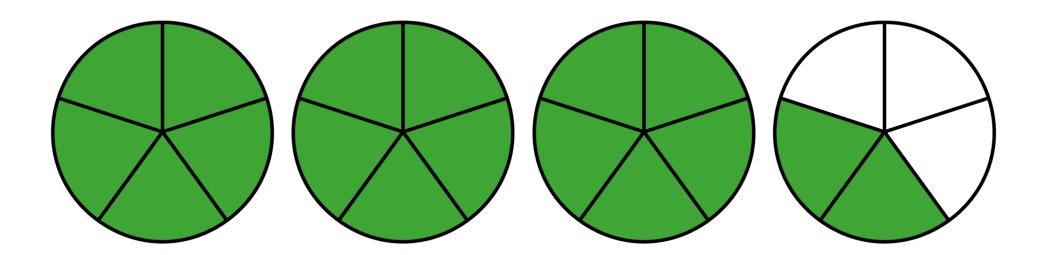


6÷a

Grouping Model - Dividing by a Fraction

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = 17$$

"How many fifths can I fit into a 3 and 2 fifths?
Answer: 17."





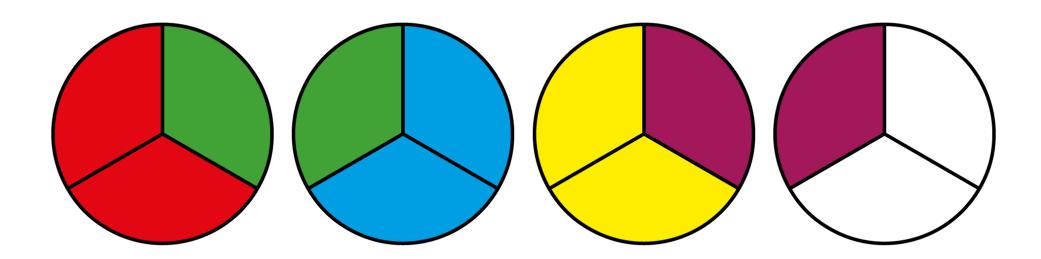


6÷b

Grouping Model - Dividing by a Fraction

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = 5$$

"How many twothirds can I fit into a 3 and a third? Answer: 5."





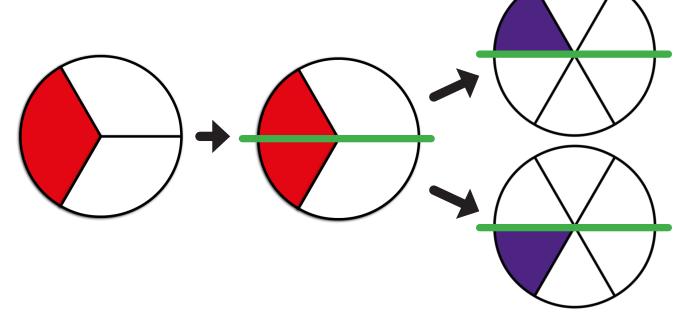


6÷c

Sharing Model - Dividing a fraction by a whole number

$$\frac{1}{3} + 2 = \frac{1}{6}$$

"If I share a **third** into 2 equal amounts, how much in each group?" Answer: A **stath**

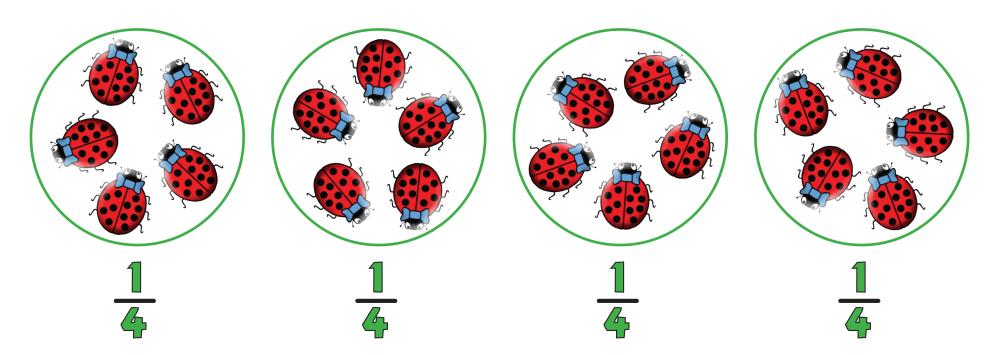






Sharing Model

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $20 = 20 + 4 = 5$

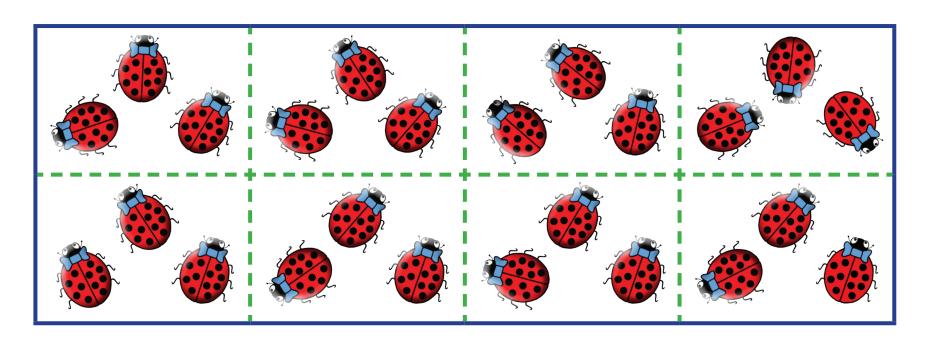






Sharing Model

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $24 = 24 \div 8 = 3$







$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $3 = 3 + 4 = \frac{3}{4}$

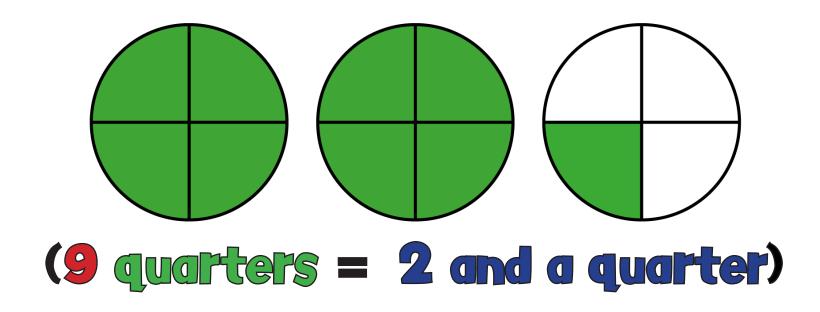
4		
4		
<u>1</u>		





Mixed Number Model

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 9 = 9 \div 4 = \frac{9}{4} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$



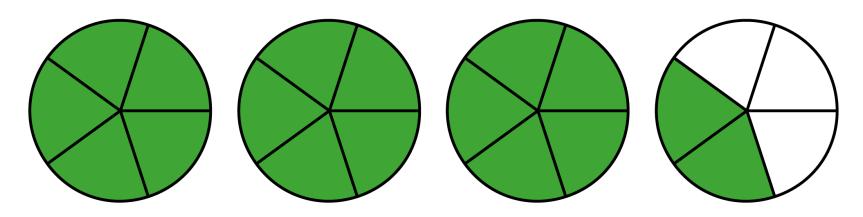




Mixed Number Model

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 17 = 17 \div 5 = \frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$

(3.4)



(17 fifths = 3 wholes and 2 fifths)



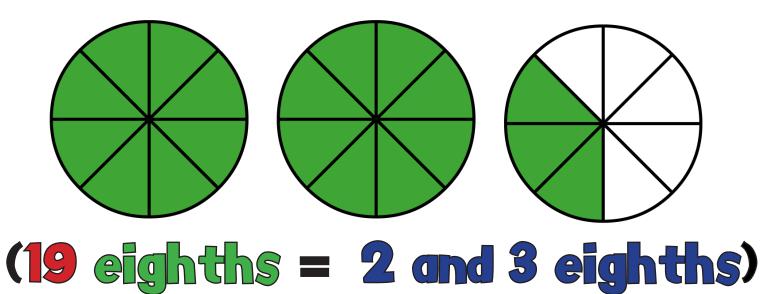
5b



Mixed Number Model

$$\frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 19 = 19 \div 8 = \frac{19}{8} = 2\frac{3}{8}$$

(2.375)





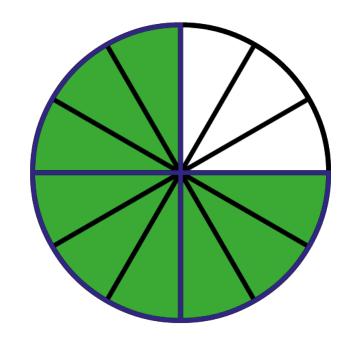
6a



Mixed Number Model

$$\frac{1}{12} \text{ of } 9 = 9 \div 12 = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

(0.75)





6b



FM: Jump!

x100

x10

÷10

+100

1000 100



FM: Remainders = 5r2!

$$= 5\frac{2}{9}$$
47 ÷ 9 = 5r2
= 5.2

$$= 5\frac{2}{8}$$

$$42 \div 8 = 5r2$$

$$= 5.25$$

$$= 5\frac{2}{5}$$
27 ÷ 5 = 5r2
= 5.4

$$= 5\frac{1}{5}$$

$$52 \div 10 = 5r2$$

$$= 5.2$$

$$= 5\frac{2}{3}$$
17 ÷ 3 = 5r2
= 5.6

$$= 5\frac{2}{6} = 5\frac{1}{3}$$

$$32 \div 6 = 5r2$$

$$= 5.3$$



